

statutory declaration

Statutory Declarations Act 1959

HESTA

Member given names:

Member family name:

Member number:

I,

of

make the following declaration under the *Statutory Declarations Act 1959*:

I understand that a person who intentionally makes a false statement in a Statutory Declaration is guilty of an offence under section 11 of the *Statutory Declarations Act 1959*, and I believe that the statements in this declaration are true in every particular way.

Person making this declaration:

Signature:

Name of signatory:

declared at

Date:

before me:

Signature:

Name of signatory:

Qualification of signatory:

Contact address of signatory:

Note 1: A person who intentionally makes a false statement in a statutory declaration is guilty of an offence, the punishment for which is imprisonment for a term of 4 years – see section 11 of the *Statutory Declarations Act 1959*.

Note 2: Chapter 2 of the Criminal Code applies to all offences against the *Statutory Declarations Act 1959* – see section 5A of the *Statutory Declarations Act 1959*.

A Statutory Declaration may be made in accordance with either the law of the state or territory where it is made or the law of the Commonwealth. Some examples of people who can witness Statutory Declarations are: a Justice of the Peace, a Solicitor or Barrister holding a current practicing certificate, a Notary Public and members of the police force (in some states).

contact us

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